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3. A well educated Technical Service officer was referred to, for example, as an Artillery Engineer (Artillerist Inzhiner). His official signature would probably reads

"rank name Military Engineer of Artillery (Voenni Inzhiner Artillerii)".

A less well educated officer would be referred to as a "technician" (tekhnik). This would be true if the officer had only graduated from, for example, a military artillery technical school (vocano artilleriskoye tekhnichiskaye uchtliska).

4. There were also commissions in Technical Troops (Tekhnichiskii Voiska), such as Chemical Defense, Transportation, and Railway Troops.

5. Officers of the Technical Services were regular carser officers, whose training was principally technical. They were ineligible to become commanding officers of combat units as they were not adequately trained in tactics. They would be, for example, graduates of the Academy of Artillery Sciences rather than of the Military Artillery Academy. They would all come under the Tachrical Service of the appropriate arms.

for example, that in the "Glavnoye Artilleriskeye Upravlenie" (Chief Artillery Administration) there was an "Upravlenie dlia felmnichiski Sluthbi" (Technical Service Administration).

requisites to qualify as a member of a fechnical Service were fairly simple. For example, a "tekbnik" (membanic) who had grainated from a civilian technicum for tractors or in "avto-tekhnika" could qualify as a lieutenant "tekhnik" of tenks. As a result, there were not many military technical schools (uchildate).

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